Before the Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 2054

In the Matter of)	
)	
Time Warner Cable Inc.)	MB Docket No. 13-119, CSR 8786-E
)	MB Docket No. 13-120, CSR 8788-E
Petition for Determination of Effective)	
Competition in 11 New York Franchise Areas	ĺ	

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

Adopted: July 22, 2013 Released: July 22, 2013

By the Senior Deputy Chief, Policy Division, Media Bureau:

I. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

- 1. Time Warner Cable Inc., hereinafter referred to as "Petitioner," has filed with the Commission a petition, pursuant to Sections 76.7, 76.905(b)(2), and 76.907 of the Commission's rules, for a determination that Petitioner is subject to effective competition in those communities listed on Attachment A and hereinafter referred to as the "Communities." Petitioner alleges that its cable system serving the Communities is subject to effective competition pursuant to Section 623(l)(1)(B) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended ("Communications Act"), and the Commission's implementing rules, and is therefore exempt from cable rate regulation in the Communities because of the competing service provided by two direct broadcast satellite ("DBS") providers, DIRECTV, Inc. ("DIRECTV"), and DISH Network ("DISH"). The petition is unopposed.
- 2. In the absence of a demonstration to the contrary, cable systems are presumed not to be subject to effective competition,³ as that term is defined by Section 623(l) of the Communications Act and Section 76.905 of the Commission's rules.⁴ The cable operator bears the burden of rebutting the presumption that effective competition does not exist with evidence that effective competition is present within the relevant franchise area.⁵ For the reasons set forth below, we grant the petition based on our finding that Petitioner is subject to effective competition in the Communities listed on Attachment A.

II. DISCUSSION

3. Section 623(1)(1)(B) of the Communications Act provides that a cable operator is subject to effective competition if the franchise area is (a) served by at least two unaffiliated multi-channel video programming distributors ("MVPDs"), each of which offers comparable video programming to at least 50 percent of the households in the franchise area; and (b) the number of households subscribing to programming services offered by MVPDs other than the largest MVPD exceeds 15 percent of the households in the franchise area. This test is referred to as the "competing provider" test.

¹ See 47 U.S.C. § 543(1)(1)(B).

² 47 C.F.R. § 76.905(b)(2).

³ 47 C.F.R. § 76.906.

⁴ See 47 U.S.C. § 543(1)(1); 47 C.F.R. § 76.905(b).

⁵ See 47 C.F.R. §§ 76.906-.907(b).

⁶ 47 U.S.C. § 543(1)(1)(B); 47 C.F.R. § 76.905(b)(2).

- The first prong of this test has three elements: the franchise area must be "served by" at least two unaffiliated MVPDs who offer "comparable programming" to at least "50 percent" of the households in the franchise area.⁷ It is undisputed that the Communities are "served by" both DBS providers, DIRECTV and DISH, and that these two MVPD providers are unaffiliated with Petitioner or with each other. A franchise area is considered "served by" an MVPD if that MVPD's service is both technically and actually available in the franchise area. DBS service is presumed to be technically available due to its nationwide satellite footprint, and presumed to be actually available if households in the franchise area are made reasonably aware of the service's availability. The Commission has held that a party may use evidence of penetration rates in the franchise area (the second prong of the competing provider test discussed below) coupled with the ubiquity of DBS services to show that consumers are reasonably aware of the availability of DBS service. We further find that Petitioner has provided sufficient evidence to support its assertion that potential customers in the Communities are reasonably aware that they may purchase the service of these MVPD providers.¹⁰ The "comparable programming" element is met if a competing MVPD provider offers at least 12 channels of video programming, including at least one channel of nonbroadcast service programming, 11 and is supported in this petition with citations to channel lineups for both DIRECTV and DISH. 12 Also undisputed is Petitioner's assertion that both DIRECTV and DISH offer service to at least "50 percent" of the households in the Communities because of their national satellite footprint. Accordingly, we find that the first prong of the competing provider test is satisfied.
- 5. The second prong of the competing provider test requires that the number of households subscribing to MVPDs, other than the largest MVPD, exceeds 15 percent of the households in a franchise area. Petitioner asserts that it is the largest MVPD in the Communities.¹⁴ Petitioner sought to determine the competing provider penetration in the Communities by purchasing a subscriber tracking report from the Satellite Broadcasting and Communications Association that identified the number of subscribers attributable to the DBS providers within the Communities on a zip code plus four basis.¹⁵
- 6. Based upon the aggregate DBS subscriber penetration levels that were calculated using Census 2010 household data, ¹⁶ as reflected in Attachment A, we find that Petitioner has demonstrated that the number of households subscribing to programming services offered by MVPDs, other than the largest MVPD, exceeds 15 percent of the households in the Communities. Therefore, the second prong of the competing provider test is satisfied for each of the Communities. Based on the foregoing, we conclude that Petitioner has submitted sufficient evidence demonstrating that both prongs of the competing provider test are satisfied and Petitioner is subject to effective competition in the Communities listed on Attachment A.

⁷ 47 U.S.C. § 543(1)(1)(B)(i); 47 C.F.R. § 76.905(b)(2)(i).

⁸ See Petition at 3-5.

⁹ Mediacom Illinois LLC, 21 FCC Rcd 1175, 1176, ¶ 3 (2006).

¹⁰ 47 C.F.R. § 76.905(e)(2).

¹¹ See 47 C.F.R. § 76.905(g); see also Petition at 5-6.

¹² See Petition at 5-6, citing www.directv.com and www.dishnetwork.com.

¹³ See id. at 6.

¹⁴ See id. at 6-7.

¹⁵ *Id.* at 7-8. A zip code plus four analysis allocates DBS subscribers to a franchise area using zip code plus four information that generally reflects franchise area boundaries in a more accurate fashion than standard five digit zip code information.

¹⁶ *Id*.

III. ORDERING CLAUSES

- 7. Accordingly, **IT IS ORDERED** that the petition for a determination of effective competition filed in the captioned proceeding by Time Warner Cable Inc. **IS GRANTED**.
- 8. **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that the certification to regulate basic cable service rates granted to any of the Communities set forth on Attachment A **IS REVOKED**.
- 9. This action is taken pursuant to delegated authority pursuant to Section 0.283 of the Commission's rules.¹⁷

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Steven A. Broeckaert Senior Deputy Chief, Policy Division, Media Bureau

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¹⁷ 47 C.F.R. § 0.283.

ATTACHMENT A

MB Docket No. 13-119, CSR 8786-E MB Docket No. 13-120, CSR 8788-E

COMMUNITIES SERVED BY TIME WARNER CABLE INC.

Communities	CUIDs	CPR*	2010 Census Households	Estimated Competing Provider Subscribers
CSR 8786-E				
Beamus Point,	NY0908	40.00	170	68
Cassadaga	NY0710	33.71	267	90
Falconer	NY0157	25.16	1,081	272
Jamestown	NY0158	21.25	13,122	2,789
Kiantone	NY0382	38.94	547	213
Lakewood	NY0159	20.46	1,403	287
Panama	NY1564	29.74	195	58
Sinclairville	NY1244	29.02	255	74
CSR 8788-E				
Brighton	NY1682	20.78	332	69
Santa Clara	NY1704	33.77	151 ¹⁸	51
Tupper Lake	NY0003	22.53	1,638	369

^{*}CPR = Percent of competitive DBS penetration rate.

Although the chart provided in the Petition incorrectly states that the number of occupied households in Santa Clara, NY is 1,538, Exhibit B of the Petition lists the number of occupied households in Santa Clara, NY as 151. Petition at 8 and Ex. B. Using the correct number of occupied households as listed in Exhibit B (and as confirmed by the U.S. Census Bureau Interactive Population Search) results in competitive penetration rate of over 33%, which satisfies the required threshold. Petition at 8; U.S. Census Bureau, http://www.census.gov/2010census/popmap/ipmtext.php (visited July 15, 2013).